# Dr. Mike Paul, DVM

Mike has more than 35 years of experience in companion animal veterinary practice and is a valued member of IDEXX's Pet Health Network team since 2013.

An uncommon <u>cardiac</u> defect called "Tetralogy of Fallot" is a devastating birth defect of cats<sup>1</sup>. The condition includes a group of four defects. According to the <u>American Heart Association</u>, those are:

- A hole between the lower chambers of the heart
- An obstruction from the heart to the lungs
- The aorta (blood vessel) lies over the hole in the lower chambers
- The muscle surrounding the lower right chamber becomes overly thickened

The condition results in reverse flow of blood resulting in a lack of oxygenated blood in the circulation. It's extremely uncommon in cats and no particular cause has been postulated, but since it is congenital there is likely a genetic component involved.

## **Symptoms of Tetralogy of Fallot**

While uncommon in dogs it is even less frequently reported in <u>cats</u>. Most cases are first seen in kittens at around six months of age. There may be cyanosis (blue or purple color to skin) and a failure to grow and develop normally. Tetralogy of Fallot is the most common of rare diseases that produce cyanosis as a main finding. It is said to make up 6% of feline congenital heart defects<sup>2</sup>.

### **Diagnosis of Tetralogy of Fallot**

The diagnosis involves a number of diagnostic tests from simple and readily available to very sophisticated and requiring specialist involvement. These include:

- Radiography
- Electrocardiography
- Echocardiography
- Laboratory blood tests
- Cardiac catheterization

Several cases of polycythemia (excess red blood cells) have been associated with Tetralogy of Fallot. Polycythemia may result in seizures.

### **Prognosis of Tetralogy of Fallot**

Without <u>surgical</u> treatment for the pain, the prognosis is poor with most cats dying before a year of age<sup>1</sup>.

Treatment approaches include:

- Medical management
- Attempts to dilate valves using balloon catheters and surgical management

Most surgical approaches are done to relieve <u>pain</u> with some resulting in better response than others. Successful surgical repair can completely resolve clinical signs associated with the defect.

#### **Prevention of Tetralogy of Fallot**

Because of the probable congenital basis of this condition, genetic considerations are important. Avoid breeding the parents of affected kittens.

# Questions to ask your veterinarian

- I have a three-month-old <u>kitten</u> who can barely find the energy to walk across the room? My <u>veterinarian</u> told me there could be a <u>heart</u> <u>problem</u> and wants me to see a specialist. What do you think?
- My kitten's ears sometimes appear blue. What could it be?

If you have any questions or concerns, you should always visit or call your veterinarian -- they are your best resource to ensure the health and well-being of your pets.

#### **Resources:**

- "Case 29: Tetralogy of Fallot Chapter from "Small Animal Cardiovascular Medicine" Online." UC Davis. Web.
- 2. <u>Brownlie, Serena, Dr., Phil Fox, Dr., and Penny Watson.</u> "Tetralogy of Fallot." *Vetstream.com.* Web.
- 3. DJ Brockman, DE Holt, JW Gaynor, and TE
  Theman. "Long-term Palliation of Tetralogy of
  Fallot in Dogs by Use of a Modified BlalockTaussig Shunt." National Center for
  Biotechnology Information. U.S. National Library







of Medicine, 1 Sept. 2007. Web.



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